

# Objectives

- Computer's representations of data types

# Lab 6 Reflection

- Reflection: How far have I come in Computer Science?
- Indefinite loops require a different way of thinking
- Likely, hardest problem was second rather than last
- Even more tools that you can combine—with new tools or old tools!
  - A lot of String operations
    - Previously: a lot of arithmetic operations, but you're familiar with those
- Break down problems
  - Solve what you can; break down what you can't
  - Not necessarily linear development
    - May do something and then undo it for the next step

# Representations of Data

- Computer needs to represent different types of data
  - Eventually, all boils down to 1s and 0s
- Computer needs to translate between what humans know to what computer knows and back again



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s Seems like a divergence on strings but just wait...

# Decimal Representations

- Decimal is base 10
- Digits: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
- Each *position* in a decimal number represents a **power of 10**

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• Example: 54,087

5	4	0	8	7
$10^4$	$10^3$	$10^2$	$10^1$	$10^0$

•  $= 5 * 10^4 + 4 * 10^3 + 0 * 10^2 + 8 * 10^1 + 7 * 10^0$

•  $= 5 * 10,000 + 4 * 1000 + 0 * 100 + 8 * 10 + 7 * 1$

# Number Representations

Characteristic	Decimal	Binary
Base	10	2
Digits	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9	0, 1
Position represents	Power of 10	Power of 2

- Binary: two values (0, 1)
  - Like a light switch (either **off** or **on**) or booleans (either True or False)
- 0 and 1 are *binary digits* or **bits**
  - 64-bit machine: represents numbers (and other data) with 64 bits

# Binary Representation

- Binary number: 1101

1	1	0	1
$2^3$	$2^2$	$2^1$	$2^0$

- $= 1 * 2^3 + 1 * 2^2 + 0 * 2^1 + 1 * 2^0$
  - $= 1 * 8 + 1 * 4 + 0 * 2 + 1 * 1$
- Decimal value: 13

**Practice:** what is the decimal value of the binary number **10110**?



# Binary Representation

- Binary number: 10110

1	0	1	1	0
$2^4$	$2^3$	$2^2$	$2^1$	$2^0$

- $= 1*2^4 + 0*2^3 + 1*2^2 + 1*2^1 + 0*2^0$

- $= 1*16 + 0*8 + 1*4 + 1*2 + 0*1$

➤ 22



# Converting Binary to Decimal

1. Design function API:  
`binaryToDecimal(binaryNum)`
  - Takes as parameter the binary number as a string and returns the decimal value of the given binary number
2. Define good test cases for this function
  - Input, expected results
3. Generalize this process into an algorithm
4. “Run” your algorithm on these test cases
5. Implement your algorithm

## Algorithm 1: Converting Binary → Decimal

Left to right traversal of binary number

Accumulator design pattern

Given the binary number as a string

1. Initialize the result to zero
2. The starting exponent will be the length of the string-1
3. For each bit in the binary number
  - Multiply the bit by the appropriate power of 2
  - Add this to the result
  - Reduce the exponent by 1
4. Return the result

## Algorithm 2: Converting Binary → Decimal

Right to left traversal of binary number

Accumulator design pattern

Given the binary number as a string

1. Initialize the result to zero
2. Initialize the exponent to zero
3. Iterate over the positions of the binary number from right to left
  - Determine the bit at that position in the binary number
  - Multiply the bit by the appropriate power of 2
  - Add this to the result
  - Increase the exponent by 1
4. Return the result

# Practice

- Implement both algorithms
  - Test!
- After implementing, you can compare with my solutions
  - [binaryToDecimalIterateOverCharacters.py](#)
  - [binaryToDecimalIterateOverExponents.py](#)

# Converting Decimal $\rightarrow$ Binary

- What should the function API be?
- Define test cases

# Algorithm: Converting Decimal → Binary

Given the decimal as an integer...

1. Initialize the result to the empty string
2. Repeat until the decimal is 0:
  - `result = str(decimal % 2) + result`
  - `decimal = decimal // 2`
3. Return the result

1. Try out algorithm with 22 as input
2. Implement algorithm in function `decimalToBinary`

# Looking Ahead

- Lab 6 due Friday
- Broader Issue: Autonomous Vehicles